UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/621,353	07/18/2003	Tae-Won Kang	P23973	2573	
	7590 01/11/200 & BERNSTEIN, P.L.O		EXAMINER		
	CLARKE PLACE	HANLEY, SUSAN MARIE			
RESTON, VA 2	20191		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1651		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MO!	NTHS	01/11/2007	ELECTRONIC		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Notice of this Office communication was sent electronically on the above-indicated "Notification Date" and has a shortened statutory period for reply of 3 MONTHS from 01/11/2007.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

gbpatent@gbpatent.com pto@gbpatent.com

		Application No.	ion No. Applicant(s)					
		10/621,353	KANG ET AL.	KANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary			Examiner	Art Unit				
			Susan Hanley	1651				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	ication app	ears on the cover sheet w	with the correspondence a	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Mansions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months at ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DA of 37 CFR 1.13 junication. atutory period w will, by statute,	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 16(a). In no event, however, may a rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become A	ICATION. The reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <i>23 O</i>	ctober 2006					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)		Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٠,٣	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the a	pplication.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•	·				
6)⊠	⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or	election requirement.	•				
Applicati	on Papers		•					
9)⊠	The specification is objected to by the	e Examine	r.					
·	•			by the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
					CFR 1.121(d).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)	a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
•	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
<i>"</i> \$	see the attached detailed Office action	n for a list (of the certified copies no	it received.				
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)				
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P ⁻ nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	TO-948)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

The amendment and reply filed 10/23/06 are acknowledged.

Claims 1-11 remain under examination.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Specification

The specification is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because the is objected to because the amendment filed 10/23/06 is introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: The specification has been amended in an attempt to overcome the objection over the improper use of trademarks. The amendment to the specification associates trademarks with alleged generic terminology for each of the trademarks. Although this generic terminology did originally appear in the specification as filed, it was not associated with any of the trademarks individually. That is, the trademarks and generic terminology appeared in separate paragraphs and there was no disclosure that definitively linked one trademark with a particular generic terminology. Hence, the amendment to the specification is NEW MATTER in the absence of evidence otherwise to demonstrate the inherency of a previously disclosed generic terminology to describe a particular trademark. Without documentation to demonstrate such inherency, the amendment to the specification is considered to be new matter in the absence of evidence otherwise. Applicant is required to cancel the new matter or demonstrate inherency of the generic terminology in the reply to this Office Action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 3, 6 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The claims have been amended to overcome the rejection over 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, regarding the use of trademarks, by inserting the alleged generic terminology for each trademark. However, the specification as filed lacks a written description of the alleged generic terminology. The amendment to the specification associates trademarks with alleged generic terminology for each of the trademarks. Although this generic terminology did originally appear in the specification, as filed, it was not associated with any of the trademarks individually. That is, the trademarks and generic terminology appeared in separate paragraphs and there was no disclosure that definitively linked one trademark with a particular generic terminology. Without documentation to demonstrate such inherency, the amendment to the claims to add the generic terminology is considered to be NEW MATTER in the absence of evidence otherwise.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The terms "high porous," "styrene type" and "high porosity" in claims 2 and 3 are relative terms which renders the claim indefinite. The term "high porous," "styrene type" and "high porosity" are not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is unclear what degree of porosity is necessary to deem a material as having "high porosity" or being "high

porous." Likewise, it is unclear how much styrene character a resin must have to be deemed a "styrene type" resin.

The terms "gel-type" and "porous-type" in claim 6 are relative terms which render the claim indefinite. The terms "gel-type" and "porous-type" are not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is unclear how much gel character or the degree of porosity a resin must have to be deemed a "gel-type" and "porous-type" resin.

The term "high cross-linkage" in claim 1 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "high cross linkage" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is unclear how much cross linking is required to achieve a state of "high cross-linkage".

The term "gel or porous type" in claim 5 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite.

The term "gel or porous type" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. It is unclear how much gel character or the degree of porosity a resin must have to be deemed a "gel or porous-type" resin.

Regarding claim 7, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Claims 7 and 8 are rejected because the phrase "water is in the range of pH ..." is confusing. It is unclear how water can be in the range of something. It is suggested that the phrase be worded to "water having a pH in the range of ...".

No claim is allowed.

Claim 1 would be allowable if rewritten or amended to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Susan Hanley whose telephone number is 571-272-2508. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Wityshyn can be reached on 571-272-0926. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pairdirect.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Susan Hanley Patent Examiner AU 1651